2011 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill								
Received	: 08/19/2011				Received By: bt	radewe		
Wanted: Soon					Companion to LRB:			
For: Chris Larson (608) 266-7505					By/Representing	:		
May Contact: Subject: Environment - recycling			ng		Drafter: btradev	ve		
					Addl. Drafters:			
				Extra Copies:				
Submit v	ia email: YES							
Requeste	r's email:	Sen.Larson	n@legis.wis	consin.gov				
Carbon c	opy (CC:) to:							
Pre Topi	c:		,					
No specit	fic pre topic gi	ven						
Topic:								
Sale and	return of lead	acid batteries						
Instructi	ions:							
Like 11-1	824							
 Drafting	History:		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/ ?	btradewe 08/19/2011	jdyer 08/22/2011						
' 1			phenry 08/22/201	1	sbasford 08/22/2011	lparisi 09/15/2011		

FE Sent For:

None

<END>

2011 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill								
Received: 08/19/2011				Received By: btradewe Companion to LRB:				
Wanted: Soon								
For: Ch	nris Larson (60	08) 266-7505			By/Representing:			
May Contact: Subject: Environment - recycling					Drafter: btradewe Addl. Drafters:			
				Extra Copies:				
Submit	via email: YES	;						
Reques	ter's email:	Sen.Larso	n@legis.wi	isconsin.gov				
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:							
Pre To	pic:							
No spec	cific pre topic gi	iven						
Topic:			,					
Sale and	d return of lead	acid batteries						
Instruc	ctions:							
Like 11	-1824							
Draftir	ng History:						Mile Aug.	
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FE Sent For:

<**END>**

2011 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

eceived: 08/19/2011	Received By: btradewe			
anted: Soon	Companion to LRB:			
or: Chris Larson (608) 266-7505	By/Representing: Drafter: btradewe			
May Contact:				
Subject: Environment - recycling	Addl. Drafters:			
	Extra Copies:			
L'ubmit via email: YES				
Pequester's email: Sen.Larson@legis.wisconsin.gov				
Carbon copy (CC:) to:				
Pre Topic:				
Ho specific pre topic given				
Topic:				
Tale and return of lead acid batteries				
nstructions:				
Like 11-1824				
Orafting History:				
Vers. Drafted Reviewed Typed Proofed	Submitted Jacketed Required			
btradewo 1 827 jld 877 pr				
HE Sent For:				

<**END>**

Tradewell, Becky

From:

Powell, Shannon

Sent:

Friday, August 19, 2011 4:27 PM

To:

Tradewell, Becky Vick, Jason

Subject:

FW: Draft of Battery Co-sponsorship

Attachments:

11-18241.pdf

From: Vick, Jason

Sent: Friday, August 19, 2011 3:50 PM

To: Powell, Shannon

Subject: Draft of Battery Co-sponsorship

Shannon,

Here is a draft of the co-sponsorship memo for the battery bill. I will also send it to Mike Moeller to make sure it is accurate. Let me know if your boss wants to make any changes. Do you want to say we are introducing the bill on behalf of our constituent?

Also, I don't remember if you had a Senate companion bill drafted. If so, I can include both LRB #s.

Thanks,

Jason Vick

Office of Rep. Mark Honadel 21st Assembly District **608-266-0611**

To:

Legislative Colleagues

From:

Representative. Mark Honadel & Senator Chris Larson

Fe:

Co-Sponsorship of LRB-1824/1 – The sale of lead acid batteries and acceptance

of used lead acid batteries

Deadline:

XX, September XX, 2011

Current law prohibits anyone from disposing of a lead acid battery in a landfill or incinerating it. The law requires anyone who sells a lead acid battery to a consumer to accept the consumer's used battery and cannot charge the consumer a deposit that is more than \$5.

However, the mandated cap has not been updated since 1995 and no longer reflects the prevailing market value of used lead acid batteries. With the large gap between the state-mandated core cap and higher market-driven prices paid by unregulated scrap metals dealers, small businesses in Wisconsin are hard-pressed to compete. It may also encourage stockpiling of used batteries by consumers.

At a time when prevailing market values for used batteries are at an all-time high, the mandated cap jeopardizes the viability of many Wisconsin small businesses that rely on scrap battery supply to maintain a competitive advantage in the marketplace. Currently core charges from battery manufacturers and wholesalers may be larger than the allowed deposit amount, which may result in a net loss to the retailer. For example, a manufacturer may charge a \$15 core charge but the retailer can only charge a \$5 core charge. If the retailer does not get the used battery back from the customer, the retailer is out \$10. In turn, retailers may have to raise prices on consumers because new battery pricing is determined with the assumption that the used battery will be returned. If the retailer is not sending back enough used batteries back to the manufacturer, a surcharge may be imposed by the manufacturer on the retailer.

LRB-1824 requires a deposit not less than \$5, allowing the market to set the core charge amount. The bill also explicitly defines the term "deposit" to include a core charge. The bill changes the "retailer" wording to "seller" in order to avoid any discrimination between market channels. The bill seeks to ensure a fair and level competitive environment for Wisconsin consumers and businesses while continuing the benefits of battery recycling.

If you would like to co-sponsor this legislation, please contact Rep. Honadel's office at 6-0610 or Sen. Larson's office at 6-7505 or by responding to this e-mail before 5:00 p.m., X, September XX.

Attached for review is a copy of the bill:



Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law prohibits a person from disposing of a lead acid battery, including a motor vehicle battery, by placing it in a landfill or incinerating it. Current law requires anyone who sells a lead acid battery to a person who will use the battery (a consumer) and who installs the battery to accept the consumer's used battery. Current law also requires a person who sells a lead acid battery to a consumer without installing the battery to offer to take the used battery in trade. The law prohibits a person from charging a consumer a deposit of more than \$5 on the sale of a lead acid battery.

This bill requires a person who sells a lead acid battery to a consumer to charge a deposit of not less than \$5. The bill also changes terminology in the law relating to the sale of lead acid batteries and defines the term "deposit" for the purposes of that law.



State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE

Man 8/22, ifpossible



2011 BILL

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AN ACT to amend 287.18 (1) (c), 287.18 (1m) (a) (intro.), 287.18 (1m) (a) 3., 287.18

(1m) (b), 287.18 (2) (a) and (b), 287.18 (3) (a) (intro.), 287.18 (3) (a) 3., 287.18 (3)

(b), 287.18 (4) (a) and (b) and 287.18 (5); and *to create* 287.18 (1) (bm) of the

statutes; relating to: the sale of lead acid batteries and acceptance of used lead

acid batteries.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law prohibits a person from disposing of a lead acid battery, including a motor vehicle battery, by placing it in a landfill or incinerating it. Current law requires anyone who sells a lead acid battery to a person who will use the battery (a consumer) and who installs the battery to accept the consumer's used battery. Current law also requires a person who sells a lead acid battery to a consumer without installing the battery to offer to take the used battery in trade. The law prohibits a person from charging a consumer a deposit of more than \$5 on the sale of a lead acid battery.

This bill requires a person who sells a lead acid battery to a consumer to charge a deposit of not less than \$5. The bill also changes terminology in the law relating

BILL

to the sale of lead acid batteries and defines the term "deposit" for the purposes of that law.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 287.18 (1) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
2	287.18 (1) (bm) "Deposit" means an amount charged, upon the sale of an item,
3	that is refunded when the item, or another item of the same kind, is relinquished to
4	the person who sold the item. "Deposit" includes a core charge.
5	SECTION 2. 287.18 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	287.18 (1) (c) "Retailer" "Seller" means a person who sells batteries to
7	consumers.
8	SECTION 3. 287.18 (1m) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	287.18 (1m) (a) (intro.) The department shall provide a notice concerning the
10	disposal of batteries to all retailers sellers. The notice shall be 8.5 inches by 11 inches
11	and all notices shall be of the same color, typeface, and type size. The notice shall
12	include all of the following information:
13	SECTION 4. 287.18 (1m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	287.18 (1m) (a) 3. That state law requires retailers sellers to accept used
15	batteries in trade and in some other instances.
16	SECTION 5. 287.18 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	287.18 (1m) (b) A retailer seller shall post the notice provided under par. (a)
18	in a place where it can be seen by consumers.
19	SECTION 6. 287.18 (2) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read:

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1 287.18 (2) (a) A retailer seller who sells a battery to a consumer and installs 2 the battery shall accept the used battery unless the consumer refuses to relinquish 3 the used battery. 4 (b) If the consumer refuses to relinquish the used battery under par. (a), the 5 retailer seller shall comply with sub. (3). 6 **SECTION 7.** 287.18 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 7 287.18 (3) (a) (intro.) If a retailer seller sells a battery to a consumer without installing the battery or if sub. (2) (b) applies, the retailer seller shall do all of the 8 9 following: 10 **SECTION 8.** 287.18 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 11 287.18 (3) (a) 3. Subject to par. (b), accept the consumer's used battery in trade 12 for a new battery without charge or time limit, during normal business hours, at any 13 business location owned or operated by the retailer seller. 14 **Section 9.** 287.18 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 287.18 (3) (b) A retailer seller accepting a used battery in trade under par. (a) 15 16 3. may require the consumer to provide proof that the consumer purchased a battery 17 from the retailer seller. 18 **Section 10.** 287.18 (4) (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read: 19 287.18 (4) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), if a person delivers to a retailer 20 seller a used battery to which sub. (3) (a) 3. does not apply, the retailer seller shall 21accept the used battery. A retailer seller may charge up to \$3 for each battery 22 delivered under this paragraph. 23 (b) A retailer seller is not required to accept more than 2 batteries delivered 24under this subsection by a person on one day.

Section 11. 287.18 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

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287.18 (5) Deposit. A retailer may seller shall charge a deposit of not more less
than \$5 on the sale of a battery. The retailer seller shall refund the deposit if the
consumer delivers the battery to the retailer seller under sub. (3) (a) 3.

4 (END)

Parisi, Lori

From:

Powell, Shannon

Sent:

Thursday, September 15, 2011 9:31 AM LRB.Legal

To:

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB 11-2692/1 Topic: Sale and return of lead acid batteries

Please Jacket LRB 11-2692/1 for the SENATE.

Please send to Sen Larson office